

SYNTHESIS OF SOME HETEROCYCLIC SULFONES RELATED TO QUINOLINOL

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It is well known that pyrazolone derivatives possess antifugal and antibacterial activities¹. Pyrazole and isoxazole derivatives are widely used in medicinal chemistry². In continuation of our work on the synthesis of heterocycles containing the quinoline moiety³⁻⁸ we synthesized different heterocyclic sulfones related to quinolinol.

EXPERIMENTAL

Melting points are uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded in KBr pellets on a Pyc-Unicam Sp 200-G spectrophotometer. ¹H NMR spectra were measured in (CD₃)₂SO on EM-360-90 MHz spectrometer. Elemental analyses were determined on a Perkin-Elmer microanalyzer. Physico-chemical and spectral data are given in Tables I and II.

Preparation of Quinolinoles *IIa* – *IIc*; General Procedure

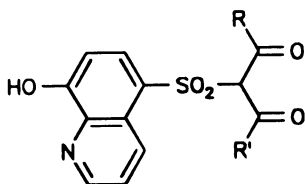
Respective active methylene compound (0.03 mol) was added to an alcoholic sodium ethoxid solution (1.4 g sodium in 100 ml ethanol) and stirred for 2 h. 8-Hydroxyquinoline-5-sulfonyl chloride (0.03 mol) was added and the reaction mixture was heated under reflux on a water bath for 7 h. The precipitated product was filtered off, washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol.

Preparation of Quinolinoles *IIIa*, *IIIb*, *VIa*, *VIb*, *IXa*, *IXb*; General Procedure

A mixture of *IIa*, *IIb* or *IIc*, respectively (0.001 mol) and hydrazine hydrate (99%, 0.001 mol) or phenylhydrazine in alcoholic sodium ethoxide solution (0.04 g sodium in 10 ml ethanol) was heated under reflux on a water bath for 10 h. The reaction mixture was filtered off and the filtrate was cooled, neutralized with acetic acid. Products were recrystallized from diluted acetic acid.

Preparation of Quinolinoles *IV*, *VII*, *X*; General Procedure

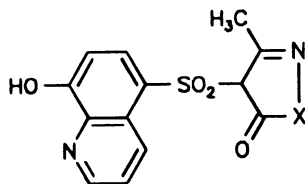
A mixture of the respective compound *II*, (0.001 mol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.002 mol) and pyridine (10 ml) was heated under reflux for 6 h. The reaction mixture was cooled, poured into diluted HCl and recrystallized from ethanol.



IIa, $R = \text{CH}_3$, $R' = \text{OC}_2\text{H}_5$

IIb, $R = R' = \text{OC}_2\text{H}_5$

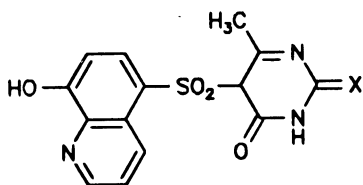
IIc, $R = R' = \text{CH}_3$



IIIa, $X = \text{NH}$

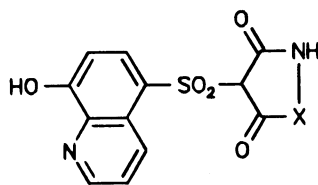
IIIb, $X = \text{NC}_6\text{H}_5$

IV, $X = \text{O}$



Va, $X = \text{O}$

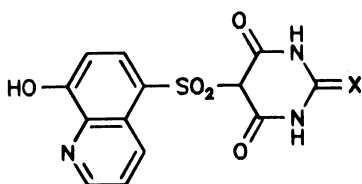
Vb, $X = \text{S}$



VIa, $X = \text{NH}$

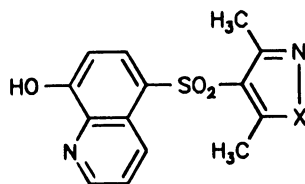
VIb, $X = \text{NC}_6\text{H}_5$

VII, $X = \text{O}$



VIIIa, $X = \text{O}$

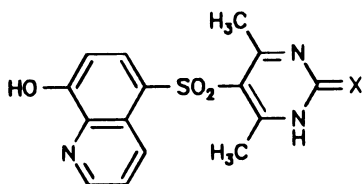
VIIIb, $X = \text{S}$



IXa, $X = \text{NH}$

IXb, $X = \text{NC}_6\text{H}_5$

X, $X = \text{O}$



XIa, $X = \text{O}$

XIb, $X = \text{S}$

TABLE I
Physico-chemical data of compounds II – XI

Compound	M. p., °C Yield, %	Formula	Calculated/Found			
			% C	% H	% N	% S
<i>IIa</i>	304 – 306	$C_{15}H_{15}NO_6S$	53.41	4.48	4.15	9.51
	80		53.68	4.76	4.21	10.06
<i>IIb</i>	>340	$C_{16}H_{17}NO_7S$	52.31	4.66	3.81	8.73
	75		52.52	5.00	4.01	8.69
<i>IIc</i>	>340	$C_{14}H_{13}NO_5S$	54.72	4.26	4.56	10.43
	75		54.91	4.44	4.71	10.51
<i>IIIa</i>	278 – 280	$C_{13}H_{11}N_3O_4S$	51.15	3.63	13.77	10.50
	52		51.00	3.53	13.89	10.56
<i>IIIb</i>	316 – 318	$C_{19}H_{15}N_3O_4S$	59.84	3.96	11.02	8.41
	55		59.75	3.76	11.21	8.61
<i>IV</i>	288 – 290	$C_{13}H_{10}N_2O_5S$	50.98	3.29	9.15	10.47
	63		50.89	3.39	9.36	10.54
<i>Va</i>	318 – 320	$C_{14}H_{11}N_3O_5S$	50.45	3.33	12.61	9.62
	65		50.61	3.26	12.82	9.82
<i>Vb</i>	>340	$C_{14}H_{11}N_3O_4S_2$	48.13	3.17	12.03	18.35
	60		48.01	3.26	12.19	18.61
<i>VIa</i>	143 – 145	$C_{12}H_9N_3O_5S$	47.06	2.61	13.73	10.46
	43		47.00	2.92	13.61	10.59
<i>VIb</i>	248 – 250	$C_{18}H_{13}N_3O_5S$	56.55	3.16	11.00	8.38
	54		56.85	3.00	10.81	8.12
<i>VII</i>	308 – 310	$C_{12}H_8N_2O_6S$	46.75	2.62	9.10	10.40
	65		46.46	2.80	9.36	10.52
<i>VIIIa</i>	313 – 315	$C_{13}H_9N_3O_6S$	46.57	2.71	12.53	9.56
	65		46.41	2.80	12.19	9.76
<i>VIIIb</i>	320 – 322	$C_{13}H_9N_3O_5S_2$	44.44	2.58	11.96	18.25
	60		44.59	2.72	12.10	18.41
<i>IXa</i>	198 – 200	$C_{14}H_{13}N_3O_3S$	55.44	4.32	13.86	10.57
	52		55.66	4.25	13.77	10.63
<i>IXb</i>	310 – 312	$C_{20}H_{17}N_3O_3S$	63.33	4.51	11.08	8.45
	60		63.48	4.56	11.00	8.34
<i>X</i>	323 – 325	$C_{14}H_{12}N_2O_4S$	55.26	3.97	9.21	10.53
	75		55.47	4.02	9.33	10.42
<i>XIa</i>	316 – 318	$C_{15}H_{13}N_3O_4S$	54.38	3.96	12.68	9.68
	45		54.22	3.72	12.90	9.79
<i>XIb</i>	325 – 327	$C_{15}H_{13}N_3O_3S_2$	51.87	3.77	12.10	18.46
	56		51.71	3.86	12.22	18.56

TABLE II
Spectral data of some synthesized compounds

Compound	IR ν , cm^{-1}	^1H NMR δ , ppm
<i>Ila</i>	1 360 (SO_2 asym.), 1 160 (SO_2 sym.), 1 750 (CO)	4.23 m, 2 H (CH_2); 1.17 t, 3 H (CH_3); 1.90 s, 3 H (CH_3CO); 7.60 m, 6 H (aromatic); 4.30 s, 1 H (CH)
<i>Ilb</i>	1 350 (SO_2 asym.), 1 155 (SO_2 sym.), 1 720 (CO)	4.30 m, 4 H (2 CH_2); 1.20 t, 6 H (2 CH_3); 7.60 m, 6 H (aromatic), 4.40 s, 1 H (CH)
<i>IIla</i>	1 600 (NC), 1 730 (CO), 3 150 (NH), 1 360 (SO_2 asym.), 1 160 (SO_2 sym.)	7.50 s, 1 H (4-pyrazolyl); 2.35 s, 3 H (CH_3 pyrazolyl); 7.65 m, 6 H (aromatic)
<i>Va</i>	1 600 (NC), 1 740 (CO), 3 100 (NH), 1 355 (SO_2 asym.), 1 155 (SO_2 sym.)	2.22 s, 3 H (CH_3 pyrimidine); 3.71 s, 1 H (pyrimidine); 3.90 s, 1 H (NH pyrimidine); 7.65 m, 6 H (aromatic)
<i>Vb</i>	1 600 (NC), 1 500 (NCS), 1 710 (CO)	
<i>VIb</i>	1 600 (NC), 1 730 (CO), 1 360 (SO_2 asym.), 1 160 (SO_2 sym.)	3.50 s, 1 H (NHCO); 7.45 s, 1 H (4- pyrazol); 6.20 m, 5 H (aromatic); 7.70 m, 6 H (quinolinol)
<i>VII</i>	1 355 (SO_2 asym.), 1 160 (SO_2 sym.), 1 740 (CO), 3 150 (NH)	
<i>VIIIa</i>	1 750 (CO), 3 120 (NH), 1 350 (SO_2 asym.), 1 150 (SO_2 sym.)	3.77 s, 2 H (2 NH pyrimidine); 7.66 m, 6 H (aromatic)
<i>IXa</i>	1 360 (SO_2 asym.), 1 160 (SO_2 sym.), 3 200 (NH), 1 600 (NC)	1.92 s, 6 H (2 CH_3); 7.78 s, 1 H (4- pyrazolyl); 7.65 m, 6 H (aromatic)
<i>X</i>	1 355 (SO_2 asym.), 1 160 (SO_2 sym.), 3 160 (NH), 1 580 (NC)	1.92 s, 6 H (2 CH_3 , isoxazol); 3.78 s, 1 H (4-isoxazolyl); 7.65 m, 6 H (aromatic)
<i>XIa</i>	3 100 (NH), 1 600 (NC), 1 360 (SO_2 asym.), 1 160 (SO_2 sym.)	1.90 s, 6 H (2 CH_3 of pyrimidine ring); 3.85 s, 1 H (NH of pyrimidine)

Preparation of Quinolinoles *Va*, *Vb*, *VIIIa*, *VIIIb*, *XIa*, *XIb*; General Procedure

A mixture of the respective compound *II* (0.001 mol) and urea or thiourea in an alcoholic sodium ethoxide (0.02 g sodium in 10 ml ethanol) was heated under reflux on water bath for 8 h, cooled, neutralized with cold diluted HCl and the precipitate was washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol.

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